

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2022 and 2021

WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Communities Foundation of Oklahoma, Inc.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Communities Foundation of Oklahoma, Inc. (the Foundation), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Hogan Taylor UP

February 15, 2023

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022		2021
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	39,347,436	\$	16,316,951
Contributions receivable, net		1,920,840		1,463,784
Investments		125,647,538		137,854,863
Real estate and mineral interests		97,970		97,970
Property and equipment, net		56,857		60,375
Total assets	\$	167,070,641	\$	155,793,943
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities:	_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	40,131	\$	471
Grants payable, net		11,723,149		7,476,993
Refundable advances		12,693,408		9,392,914
Agency transfers		42,897,763		48,381,976
Total liabilities		67,354,451		65,252,354
Net assets - without donor restrictions		99,716,190		90,541,589
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	167,070,641	\$	155,793,943

## STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

# **Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021**

	2022	2021
Revenues, Gains and Other Support		
Contributions	\$ 18,118,838	\$ 7,395,743
Grants:		
Federal	239,403,931	58,452,218
Private	-	505,790
Net investment return (loss)	(9,398,055)	18,631,997
Administrative fee income	640,967	578,665
Total revenues, gains and other support	248,765,681	85,564,413
Expenses		
Grants and program services	238,786,756	65,425,960
Supporting services:		
Management and general	724,153	188,462
Fundraising	80,171	10,218
Total expenses	239,591,080	65,624,640
Other income:		
Gain on extinguishment of debt		90,200
Increase in net assets	9,174,601	20,029,973
Net assets - without donor restrictions, beginning of year	90,541,589	70,511,616
Net assets - without donor restrictions, end of year	\$ 99,716,190	\$ 90,541,589

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# **Years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021**

	2022	2021
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Increase in net assets	\$ 9,174,601	\$ 20,029,973
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	24,196	21,111
Net realized and unrealized investment (gains) losses	10,741,898	(17,452,338)
Noncash contributions of stock and other	, ,	( , , , ,
investments	(692,428)	(1,147,302)
Proceeds from sale of noncash contributions	( , -)	( ) - ) )
of stock and other investments	692,428	1,147,302
Forgiveness from Paycheck Protection Program note payable	, <u>-</u>	(90,201)
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		(, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Contributions receivable	(457,056)	177,117
Accounts payable	39,660	(15,883)
Grants payable	4,246,156	4,130,245
Refundable advances	3,300,494	9,392,914
Agency transfers	310,599	152,058
5 ,		,
Net cash provided by operating activities	27,380,548	16,344,996
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	5,636,608	5,722,931
Purchases of investment securities	(9,965,993)	
Purchases of property and equipment	(20,678)	(15,417)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,350,063)	(4,540,213)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	23,030,485	11,804,783
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	16,316,951	4,512,168
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 39,347,436	\$ 16,316,951
Noncash Financing Activity Forgiveness from Paycheck Protection Program note payable	\$ -	\$ 90,201

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022 and 2021

## **Note 1 – Nature of Operations**

Communities Foundation of Oklahoma, Inc. (the Foundation) was incorporated November 26, 1991, under the laws of the state of Oklahoma as a not-for-profit organization (NPO) to serve the charitable needs of rural communities in Oklahoma. The Foundation provides a convenient, efficient and effective vehicle for individuals and organizations across the state to donate gifts that permanently impact their communities and a way for charities to build endowments to ensure their ability to continue meeting the needs of their communities long into the future.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Foundation started the Community Cares Partner (CCP) program to operate the U.S. Department of Treasury's Coronavirus Relief Fund Resident Support Program and the Emergency Rental Assistance Program for the State of Oklahoma and various local agencies. The Foundation received federal funding totaling \$242.4 million for the Emergency Rental Assistance Program during the year ended June 30, 2022. The Foundation received federal and private funding totaling \$23.2 million for the Coronavirus Relief Fund Resident Support Program and \$45.2 million for the Emergency Rental Assistance Program during the year ended June 30, 2021.

## Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

#### Basis of presentation

The Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and changes in net assets according to two classes of net assets based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions, as follows:

Without donor restrictions – Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use at the discretion of the Foundation's Board of Directors (the Board) and/or management for general operating purposes. From time to time the Board may designate a portion of these net assets for specific purposes which makes them unavailable for use at management's discretion. The Foundation had board-designated endowment net assets of \$39,841,967 and \$42,419,366 as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The Foundation receives contributions from donors with recommendations regarding distribution of the assets and the earnings therefrom. It attempts to meet the desires expressed by the donors at the time of the contribution; however, it reserves the right to modify any restrictions or conditions on the distribution of funds for any specified charitable purpose or to specified organizations if, in the sole judgment of the Board, such restrictions or conditions become unnecessary, incapable of fulfillment or inconsistent with the charitable needs of the community. Accordingly, the financial statements classify those net assets for which the NPO reserves the right to modify any restriction or conditions on the distribution of funds as without donor restrictions. This variance power does

not extend to the Coronavirus Relief Fund Resident Support Program and the Emergency Rental Assistance Program grants the Foundation received.

With donor restrictions – Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to grantor-imposed restrictions. Grantor-restricted contributions received and expended within the same fiscal year are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions. As of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Foundation had no grantor-imposed restrictions on its net assets.

The Foundation accounts for assets that are transferred by an NPO for the benefit of that NPO, or one of its affiliated organizations, as a liability to the specified beneficiary concurrent with recognition of the assets received in the transfer. All assets of this type, and the activity associated with those assets, are reported as agency transfers in the statements of financial position.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of cash management accounts and short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, excluding cash equivalent funds held in the Foundation's investment portfolio.

## Revenue recognition for contributions and grants

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recorded as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

The Foundation operates activities and programs that are funded by grants and contracts with federal government agencies and private organizations. The Foundation's grants and contracts are nonexchange transactions and are recorded as revenue once the conditions on which they depend are substantially met, which is typically when the Foundation has incurred allowable expenses that can be charged to the respective grants. Amounts received before conditions have been satisfied are recorded as refundable advances. Refundable advances as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, were \$12,693,408 and \$9,392,914, respectively.

#### Revenue recognition for exchange transactions

The Foundation recognizes revenue from exchange transactions in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, as amended. ASU No. 2014-09 applies to exchange transactions with customers that are bound by contracts or similar arrangements and establishes a performance obligation approach to revenue recognition, whereby revenue is recognized when each performance obligation is satisfied. The Foundation reports the following revenue from exchange transactions in its statements of activities.

Administrative fees – The Foundation operates contracts in exchange for administrative fee income. The Foundation considers its various obligations under each contract to represent single performance obligations that aggregate to form a distinct service. Revenue is recognized as the performance obligation is satisfied over time.

## Receivables

An allowance for uncollectible receivables is provided based on management's judgment including factors such as prior collections, type of contribution, and nature of the activity. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, no allowance was recorded.

#### Donated assets

Donated marketable securities and other noncash assets are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair values at the time of donation. Under the Foundation's gift acceptance policy, such gifts are generally converted to cash and invested as appropriate. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Foundation received donated securities with a fair value of \$692,428 and \$1,147,302, respectively, which were liquidated and invested.

#### Donated services

No revenues have been recognized in the statements of activities for donated services. The Foundation pays for most services requiring specific expertise; however, many individuals volunteer their time and perform a variety of tasks that assist the Foundation with special projects, committee assignments and service on the Board.

## Concentration of credit risk

The Foundation maintains cash in bank deposit accounts which typically exceed federally insured limits of \$250,000. Checking account balances in excess of federally insured limits are regularly swept into an account that is secured by a mutual fund that invests primarily in government securities. The Foundation has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash or cash equivalents.

Contributions receivable reflected in the statements of financial position are primarily due from one donor representing 71% of gross contributions receivable at June 30, 2022. Two donors represented 99% of gross contributions receivable at June 30, 2021. In 2022, 38% of contributions revenue was received by one donor, while there were no donors representing 10% or more of contributions received in 2021. In both 2022 and 2021, 99% of the grant revenue was received from one government agency.

### Investments

The Foundation carries investments in marketable securities at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Fair values are based on quoted market prices, if available. Substantially all investments are held under a master custodial arrangement by a bank trust department.

Net investment return is reported in the statements of activities and consists of interest and dividend income, realized and unrealized gains and losses, less external investment expenses.

#### Real estate and mineral interests

Real estate and mineral interests are recorded at the lower of cost or fair value. Permanent decreases in fair value below cost are recorded in the year that such decreases become known. Contributions of real estate and mineral interests are recorded at fair value at the time of donation.

### Grants and program services

Grants and program services represent amounts awarded to various recipients in accordance with donor intent and the Foundation's mission. Grants payable consist of unconditional amounts awarded, but not paid, to recipients.

## Functional allocation of expenses

The costs of providing various programs and other activities have been summarized in the statements of activities on a functional basis. Expenses attributable to more than one functional expense category are allocated. See Note 12 for an analysis of expenses by function and nature.

### Income tax status

The Foundation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Foundation is also exempt from state income taxes under similar provisions of state law. It has no activities which are subject to tax on unrelated business income, nor has it been classified by the Internal Revenue Service as a private foundation.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosed contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change include the valuation of investments and contributions receivable. Investments in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with these assets, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position. Significant fluctuations in fair values could occur from year to year and the amounts the Foundation will ultimately realize could differ materially. Management's estimate of contributions receivable is based on consideration of all relevant available information and an analysis of the collectibility of individual contributions at the financial statement date.

## New accounting pronouncement not yet adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which seeks to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position and by disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Consistent with current U.S. GAAP, the recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee will depend primarily on its classification as a finance or an operating lease (i.e., the classification criteria for distinguishing between finance leases and operating leases are substantially similar to the classification criteria for distinguishing between capital leases and operating leases under the previous guidance). However, unlike current U.S. GAAP, which requires only capital leases to be recognized on the statement of financial position, ASU No. 2016-02 will require both operating and finance leases to be recognized on the statement of financial position. Additionally, the ASU will require disclosures to help financial statement users better understand the amount, timing, and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases, including qualitative and quantitative requirements. As deferred by ASU 2020-05, the update is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. Upon adoption in the year ending June 30, 2023, the Foundation will record a lease asset and liability equal to the present value of its future minimum lease payments on the statement of financial position and include additional disclosures on its leases in the footnotes to the financial statements.

### Subsequent events

The Foundation has evaluated subsequent events through February 15, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### Note 3 – Contributions Receivable

Included in contributions receivable are unconditional promises to give, expected to be received as follows, at June 30:

	2022	2021
Less than one year One to five years, net of discount of \$14,590	\$ 1,020,655	\$ 600,160
and \$11,833, respectively	900,185	863,624
Contributions receivable, net	\$ 1,920,840	\$ 1,463,784

Unconditional promises to give due in more than one year are discounted using an estimated risk-free rate at June 30, 2022 and 2021. The estimated risk-free rate applied to each year averaged 1.8% and 0.4% at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

### Note 4 – Grants Payable

Grants payable are expected to be paid as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ 10,264,259
2024	830,478
2025	240,084
2026	345,328
2027	43,000
Grants payable, net	\$ 11,723,149

Grants payable due in more than one year are discounted using an estimated risk-free rate. The estimated risk-free rate applied to each year averaged 1.8% at June 30, 2022. Grants due within one to five years are presented net of discount of \$42,119.

### Note 5 – Agency Transfers

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Subtopic 958-605-25, *Not-for-Profit Entities – Revenue Recognition-Contributions*, establishes standards for transactions in which the Foundation accepts a transfer from a donor and agrees to transfer those assets, the return on investment of those assets or both to another entity that is specified by the donor. This guidance requires that if an NPO establishes a fund at a community foundation with its own funds and specifies itself or one of its affiliated organizations as the beneficiary of that fund, the community foundation must account for the transfer of such assets and the activity associated with those assets as a liability.

The Foundation maintains variance power, as described in its governing documents, and legal ownership over these funds and, as such, continues to report the funds as assets of the Foundation. Variance power assures donors that if the charitable purpose of their contribution becomes impractical or impossible, the distributions will be directed to similar purposes in the community. All financial activity for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, related to these assets is not reflected in the statements of activities, but rather as a liability in the statements of financial position.

#### **Note 6 – Related Party Transactions**

The Foundation had investments of \$122,955,165 and \$135,054,706 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, that were managed by a local bank. The Foundation also had cash and cash equivalents of \$39,347,436 and \$16,316,951 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, that were held in accounts with the same bank. A member of the Board has an ownership interest and helps manage the operations of this bank. The Foundation paid investment management and other fees to this bank of approximately \$298,000 and \$271,000 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### Note 7 – Endowment Disclosures

The state of Oklahoma adopted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) on November 1, 2007. The Board has determined that the Foundation's net assets do not meet the definition of an endowment under UPMIFA. The Foundation is governed subject to the terms of its bylaws and articles of incorporation and all contributions are subject to the terms of these governing documents. Under the terms of its governing documents, the Board has the ability to distribute as much of the corpus of any trust or separate gift, devise, bequest, or fund as the Board in its sole discretion shall determine. As a result, the Foundation classifies all contributions as without donor restrictions for financial statement purposes. While the assets of the Foundation do not meet the definition of an endowment as defined under UPMIFA, some of the assets, described by donor intent to be governed by the Foundation's spending policy, function as endowments. These assets are managed by the Foundation and are considered board-designated endowment funds.

The Foundation's net asset composition for board-designated endowments by type of fund is as follows at June 30:

	Without Donor Restrictions			
	2022	2021		
Board-designated endowment funds:				
Community funds	\$ 4,597,303	\$ 4,938,928		
Designated intent funds	20,008,432	22,611,041		
Field of interest funds	2,216,564	2,394,864		
Scholarship funds	10,519,077	10,674,827		
Oklahoma Initiative fund	2,500,591	1,799,706		
Total board-designated endowment funds	\$ 39,841,967	\$ 42,419,366		

Changes in board-designated endowment net assets are as follows at June 30:

	Without Donor Restrictions		
	2022	2021	
Board-designated endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 42,419,366	\$ 31,308,457	
Investment return:			
Interest and dividends	723,519	630,750	
Royalty income	46,116	30,207	
Net investment gains (losses)	(5,105,712)	8,710,416	
	(4,336,077)	9,371,373	
Contributions	3,961,181	3,827,171	
Appropriations for expenditures	(1,668,550)	(1,649,651)	
Administrative fees	(533,953)	(437,984)	
Board-designated endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 39,841,967	\$ 42,419,366	

Return objectives and risk parameters, strategies employed for achieving objectives, and spending policy and how the investment objectives relate to spending policy:

The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. The Foundation's spending and investment policies work together to achieve these objectives. Generally, the Foundation follows a spending policy of 5% of total assets calculated over the 12 most recent quarters, which based on the expected rate of return is designed to ensure preservation of capital. The investment policy establishes a long-term return objective through diversification of asset classes.

To achieve its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk parameters.

#### Note 8 – Fair Value Measurements

ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements*, provides the framework for measuring fair value. The framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The inputs to the three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC Topic 820 are described as follows:

Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Foundation has the ability to access.

Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation to other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers of financial instruments into or out of Level 3.

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis include investments and the liability for agency transfers. The Foundation has no assets or liabilities carried at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at June 30, 2022 or 2021.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value:

Cash equivalent funds, certificates of deposit and mutual funds – Stated at fair value based on quoted market prices and accordingly are classified as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

Mortgage-backed securities — Valued using observable Level 2 inputs under the market approach including quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets where there is not sufficient activity, and/or where price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly. Mid-market pricing or other pricing conventions may be used for fair value measurements within a bid-ask spread. Observable Level 2 inputs under the income or market approach include commonly quoted interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment spreads, loss severities, credit risks and/or default rates.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Foundation's assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30:

2022

	2022							
		Level 1	I	Level 2	L	evel 3		Total
Cash equivalent funds	\$	1,070,344	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,070,344
Certificates of deposit		90,000		-		-		90,000
Mutual funds:								
Equities		72,224,146		-		-		72,224,146
Fixed income		52,251,032		-		-		52,251,032
Mortgage-backed securities		-		12,016		-		12,016
Total investments at fair value	\$ 1	25,635,522	\$	12,016	\$	-	\$	125,647,538

				20	21		
		Level 1	I	Level 2	Le	evel 3	Total
Cash equivalent funds	\$	1,201,563	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 1,201,563
Certificates of deposit		45,000		-		-	45,000
Mutual funds:							
Equities		84,566,683		-		-	84,566,683
Fixed income		52,025,633		-		-	52,025,633
Mortgage-backed securities		-		15,984		-	15,984
Total investments at fair value	\$ 1	37,838,879	\$	15,984	\$	- ;	\$ 137,854,863

Agency transfers of \$42,897,763 and \$48,381,976 at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, include funds held by the Foundation on behalf of others (see Note 5). The Foundation determines fair value of these liabilities on the basis of the fair value of the underlying investments and are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

## Note 9 – Liquidity and Availability of Funds

The Foundation structures its financial assets to be available as obligations come due. As part of its liquidity management the Foundation uses a sweep account to invest cash in excess of daily requirements. The Foundation's financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the statement of financial position date, are as follows at June 30:

	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents Contributions receivable Investments	\$ 39,347,436 1,920,840 125,647,538	\$ 16,316,951 1,463,784 137,854,863
Total financial assets as of year-end	166,915,814	155,635,598
Less: Amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year due to: Contributions receivable after one year Board-designated endowment funds Agency transfers	(900,185) (39,841,967) (42,897,763)	(863,624) (42,419,366) (48,381,976)
Add: Appropriation from board-designated endowment funds for general expenditure within the next 12 months	1,992,098	2,120,968
Total financial assets available to management for general expenditures within one year	\$ 85,267,997	\$ 66,091,600

The Foundation's board-designated endowments are subject to an annual spending rate, which was 5% for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. Although the Foundation does not intend to spend from these board-designated endowments, other than the amounts appropriated per the spending policy, these amounts could be made available, if necessary, upon approval of the Board.

## **Note 10 – Payroll Protection Program**

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was enacted in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. On April 10, 2020, the Foundation received loan proceeds in the amount of \$90,200 under the Small Business Administration's Payroll Protection Program (PPP), which was established as part of the CARES Act.

On March 4, 2021, the Foundation received notice that its application for loan forgiveness was approved by the SBA, and the SBA had remitted payment to the financial institution for full loan forgiveness. The Foundation recorded the forgiveness of this loan as a gain on the extinguishment from debt for the year ended June 30, 2021, in the accompanying statements of activities.

### Note 11 – Operating Leases

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Foundation began leasing office space and equipment under noncancelable operating leases that expire at various dates through 2024. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, lease expense under these leases was approximately \$205,000 and \$167,000, respectively. Future minimum lease payments under the terms of the leases are as follows.

Year ending June 30,	Amount
2023 2024	\$ 116,549 74,753
	\$ 191,302

### Note 12 – Analysis of Expenses by Function and Nature

The Foundation allocates costs between grants and program services, management and general and fundraising based on management's evaluation of the resources expended in the related activities. Management and general expenses include those expenses that are not directly identifiable with any other specific function but provide for the overall support and direction of the Foundation. The financial statements report certain categories of expense that are attributable to more than one function, including salaries and wages and management fees, which are allocated based on estimates of time and effort. Other expenses are allocated based on an estimate of usage. The tables below present expenses by both nature and function for the years ended June 30:

		Supporting Services		
2022	Grants and Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 7,118,471	\$ 220,907	\$ 13,417	\$ 7,352,795
Grants	32,678,874	-	-	32,678,874
Scholarship	198,587,517	-	-	198,587,517
Legal services	-	2,938	-	2,938
Technology	3,540	62,573	-	66,113
Audit and tax preparation	-	27,351	-	27,351
Office	90,544	127,599	-	218,143
Marketing and advertising	-	-	66,754	66,754
Conferences	-	10,526	-	10,526

		Supporting Services		
	Grants and	Management		
2022	Program Services	and General	Fundraising	Total
F		11.020		11.020
Events	-	11,829	-	11,829
Dues and publications	-	3,278	-	3,278
Meeting	-	8,359	-	8,359
Insurance	-	28,380	-	28,380
Outside consulting	230,988	182,066	-	413,054
Reimbursements	60,074	-	-	60,074
Staff development	400	13,693	-	14,093
Travel	16,348	-	-	16,348
Business entertainment	-	458	-	458
Depreciation		24,196	-	24,196
Total expenses	\$ 238,786,756	\$ 724,153	\$ 80,171	\$ 239,591,080
		G .:	G :	
		Supporting	g Services	
	Grants and	Management		
2021	Program Services	and General	Fundraising	Total
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$ 3,785,585	\$ 87,888	\$ 10,039	\$ 3,883,512
Grants	60,630,080	- -	_	60,630,080
Scholarship	744,855	-	_	744,855
Oklahoma Educational	. ,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Technology Trust				
program expense	2,908	_	_	2,908
Legal services	126	34	_	160
Technology	41,629	13,944	_	55,573
Audit and tax preparation	-	28,937	_	28,937
Office	93,456	35,934	_	129,390
Marketing and advertising	1,041	-	179	1,220
Conferences	1,011	1,605	-	1,605
Dues and publications	7,274	1,186	_	8,460
Insurance	18,190	4,736	_	22,926
Outside consulting	75,545	11,988	-	87,533
	4,033	869	-	4,902
Staff development Travel	4,033 971	809	-	4,902 971
	9/1	- 497	-	497
Business entertainment	20.267		-	
Depreciation	20,267	844	-	21,111

## Note 13 – Contingencies

Total expenses

The Foundation's performance under certain grants and contracts with federal, state and local agencies is subject to audit by those entities. If it is determined that the Foundation's performance under any of these grants and contracts was not in accordance with respective agreements, the awarding agencies may require refund of a portion or all of such amounts. The Foundation's management believes that amounts questioned, if any, would be immaterial.

\$ 188,462

\$ 10,218

\$ 65,425,960

\$ 65,624,640

The Foundation is involved in a legal action arising in the normal course of business. Management, after consultation with counsel, believes the ultimate outcome of such legal action will not have a material effect on the Foundation's financial position or future results of operations.